

INSTYTUT TECHNIKI BUDOWLANEJ PL 00-611 WARSZAWA ul. Filtrowa 1 tel.: (+48 22) 825-04-71 (+48 22) 825-76-55 fax: (+48 22) 825-52-86 www.itb.pl







European Technical Assessment

ETA-09/0246 of 20/05/2019

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment	Instytut Techniki Budowlanej
Trade name of the construction product	Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Post-installed rebar connections with BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T injection mortar
Manufacturer	BOSSONG S.p.A. Via Enrico Fermi, 49/51, IT-24050 Grassobbio (Bg), Italy www.bossong.com
Manufacturing plant	BOSSONG S.p.A. Via Enrico Fermi, 49/51, IT-24050 Grassobbio (Bg), Italy
This European Technical Assessment contains	23 pages including 3 Annexes which form an integral part of this assessment
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with regulation (EU) No 305/2011, on the basis of	EAD 331522-00-0601 "Post-installed rebar with mortar under seismic action"
This version replaces	ETA-09/0246 issued on 06/03/2014

This European Technical Assessment is issued by the Technical Assessment Body in its official language. Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

Communication of this European Technical Assessment, including transmission by electronic means, shall be in full. However, partial reproduction may be made, with the written consent of the issuing Technical Assessment Body. Any partial reproduction has to be identified as such.

Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The subject of this assessment are the post-installed connections, by anchoring or overlap connection joint of steel reinforcing bars (rebar) in existing structures made of normal weight concrete, using injection mortars BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T in accordance with the regulations for reinforced concrete construction.

Reinforcing bars made of steel with diameter from 8 to 32 mm and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W or BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T injection mortars are used for the post-installed rebar connections. The steel element is placed into a drilled hole previously filled with an injection mortar and is anchored by the bond between embedded element, injection mortar and concrete.

An illustration and the description of the products are given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (EAD)

The performances given in clause 3 are only valid if the post-installed connections are used in the compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The performances given in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of the anchor of 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer or the Technical Assessment Body, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Performance of the product

3.1.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance under static and quasi static loading	See Annex C1
Characteristic resistance under seismic loading	See Annex C2

3.1.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	See Annex C3

Page 4 of European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0246, issued on 20/05/2019

3.2 Methods used for the assessment

The assessment of the post-installed rebar connections has been made has been made in accordance with EAD 331522-00-0601 "Post-installed rebar with mortar under seismic action".

4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to Decision 96/582/EC of the European Commission the system 1 of assessment and verification of constancy of performance (see Annex V to Regulation (EU) No 305/2011) applies.

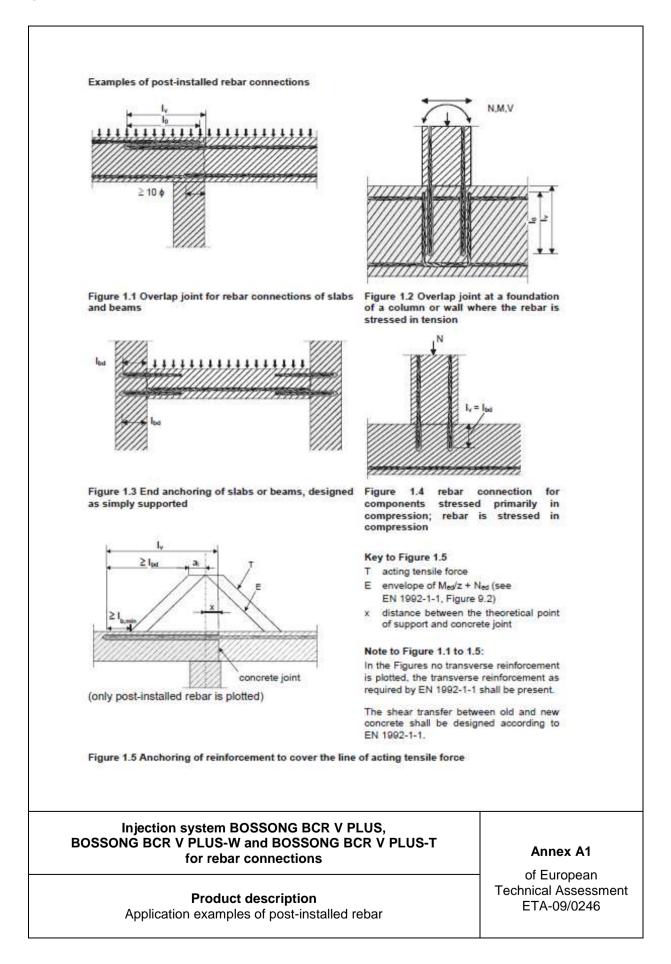
5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable European Assessment Document (EAD)

Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited at Instytut Techniki Budowlanej.

For type testing the results of the tests performed as part of the assessment for the European Technical Assessment shall be used unless there are changes in the production line or plant. In such cases the necessary initial type testing has to be agreed between Instytut Techniki Budowlanej and the notified body.

Issued in Warsaw on 20/05/2019 by Instytut Techniki Budowlanej

Anna Panek, MSc Deputy Director of ITB



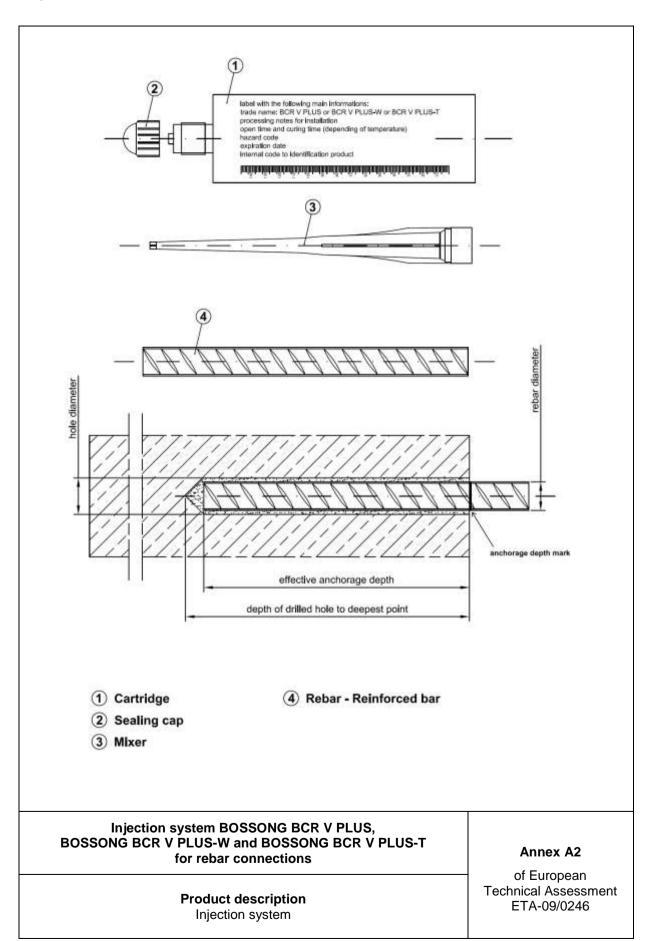


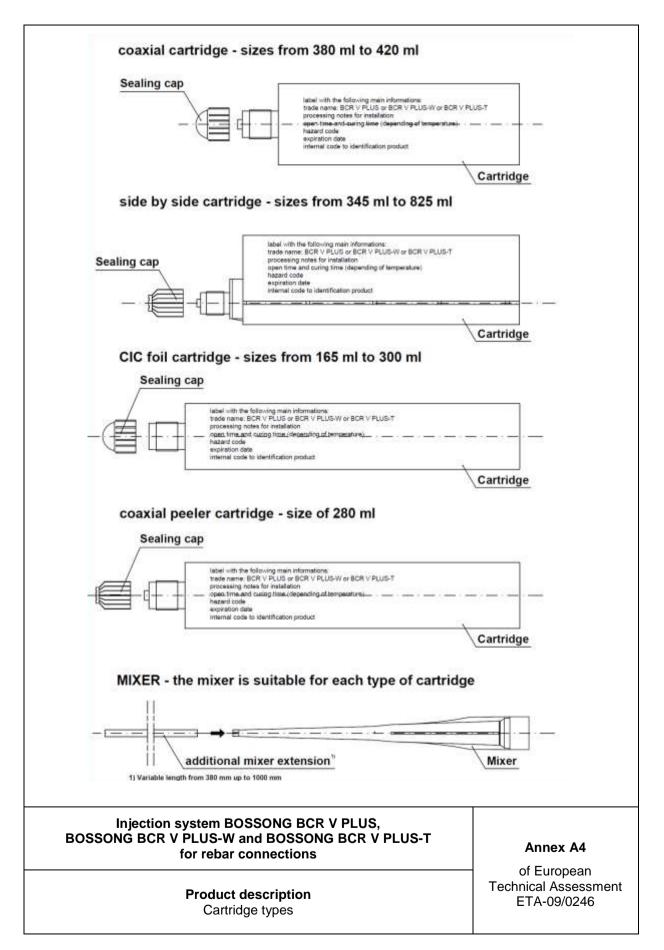
Table A1: Reinforcing bars (Rebar)	
Designation	Material
Rebar according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010	Bars and de-coiled rods Class B or C With f_{yk} and k according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \times f_{yk}$ The rib height h: h ≤ 0,07 Ø

Table A2: Injection mortars

Product	Composition
BOSSONG BCR V PLUS BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T (two component injection mortars)	Additive: quartz Bonding agent: vinyl ester resin styrene free Hardener: dibenzoyl peroxide

Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections

Product description Materials Annex A3



SPECIFICATION OF INTENDED USE

Anchorages subject to:

Static and quasi-static load: from Ø8 to Ø32 mm Seismic load: from Ø12 to Ø32 mm Fire exposure: from Ø8 to Ø32 mm

Base material:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C12/15 at minimum to C50/60 at maximum according to EN 206-1:2013+A1:2016 for static and quasi-static load and for fire exposure.
- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete of strength class C16/20 at minimum to C50/60 at maximum according to EN 206-1:2013+A1:2016 for seismic load.
- Maximum chloride content of 0,40% (Cl 0,40) related to the cement content according to EN 206-1:2013+A1:2016.
- Non-carbonated concrete.

Note: In case of a carbonated surface of the existing concrete structure the carbonate layer shall be removed in the area of the post-installed rebar connection with a diameter of d_s + 60 mm prior to the installation of the new rebar. The depth of concrete to be removed shall correspond to at least the minimum concrete cover according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010.

The above may be neglected if building components are new and not carbonated and if building components are in dry conditions.

Temperature range:

The products may be used in the following temperature range:

- -40°C to +80°C (max. short term temperature +80°C and max. long term temperature +50°C).
- Temperature of the base material according to Annex B4.

Design:

- Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking into account of the forces to be transmitted.
- Design according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 for static and quasi-static condition (see also Annex B2).
- Design according to EN 1998-1:2004+AC:2009 for seismic condition (see also Annex B2).
- The actual position of the reinforcement in the existing structure shall be determined on the basis of the construction documentation and taken into account when designing.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete.
- It must not be installed in flooded holes.
- Overhead installation is permissible.
- Hole drilling by hammer drill (HD), hollow drill bit (HDB) or compressed air drill (CA).
- Installation of the post-installed rebar shall be done only by suitable trained installer and under supervision on the site.
- Check the position of the existing rebar (if the position of existing rebar in not known it shall be determined using a rebar detector suitable for this purpose as well as on the basis of the construction documentation and then marked on the building component for the overlap joint).

Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections

Intended use Specifications Annex B1

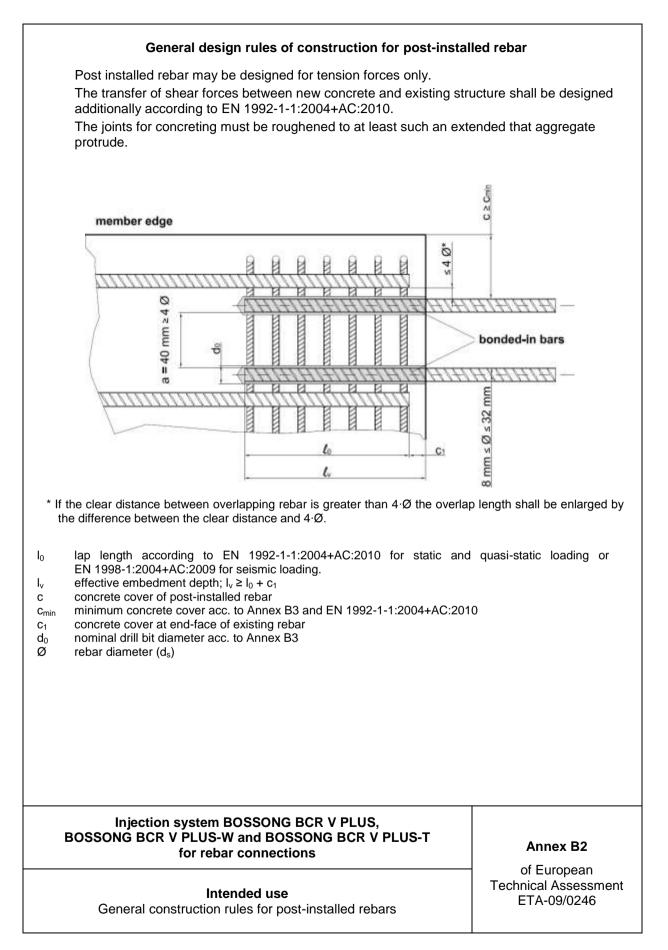


Table B1-1: Install	ation	data f	or sta	tic an	d qua	si sta	tic load	ding						
Rebar diameter [mm]	ø	8	Ø	10	ø	12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø22	Ø25	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Drill bit diameter [mm]	10 ¹⁾	12 ¹⁾	12 ¹⁾	14 ¹⁾	14 ¹⁾	16 ¹⁾	18	20	25	26	30	35	35	40
Brush diameter [mm]	12	14	14	16	16	18	20	22	27	27	32	37	37	42
Maximum embedment depth I _{v, max} [mm]	250	400	250	500	250	600	700	800	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

¹⁾ Each of two given values can be used

Table B1-2: Installation data for seismic loading

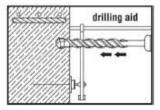
Rebar diameter [mm]	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø22	Ø25	Ø28	Ø30	Ø32
Drill bit diameter [mm]	16	18	20	25	26	30	35	35	40
Brush diameter [mm]	18	20	22	27	27	32	37	37	42
Maximum embedment depth I _{v, max} [mm]	600	700	800	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Table B2: Minimum concrete cover c_{min} without drilling aid

Drilling method	Rebar diameter Ø	C _{min}
Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25mm	30 mm + 0,06 x l _v ≥ 2φ
Hollow drill bit (HDB)	≥ 25mm	40 mm + 0,06 x l _v ≥ 2φ
Compressed air drilling (CA)	< 25mm	50 mm + 0,08 x l _v
Compressed an drining (CA)	≥ 25mm	60 mm + 0,08 x l _v ≥ 2φ

Table B3: Minimum concrete cover cmin when using a drilling aid

Drilling method	Rebar diameter Ø	C _{min}
Hammer drilling (HD)	< 25mm	30 mm + 0,02 x l _v ≥ 2φ
Hollow drill bit (HDB)	≥ 25mm	40 mm + 0,02 x l _v ≥ 2φ
Compressed air drilling (CA)	< 25mm	50 mm + 0,02 x l _v
Compressed an drining (CA)	≥ 25mm	60 mm + 0,02 x l _v ≥ 2φ



The minimum concrete cover according to 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 shall be observed.

Minimum clear spacing between two post-installed rebar: $a = 40 \text{ mm} \ge 4 \text{ x} \emptyset$

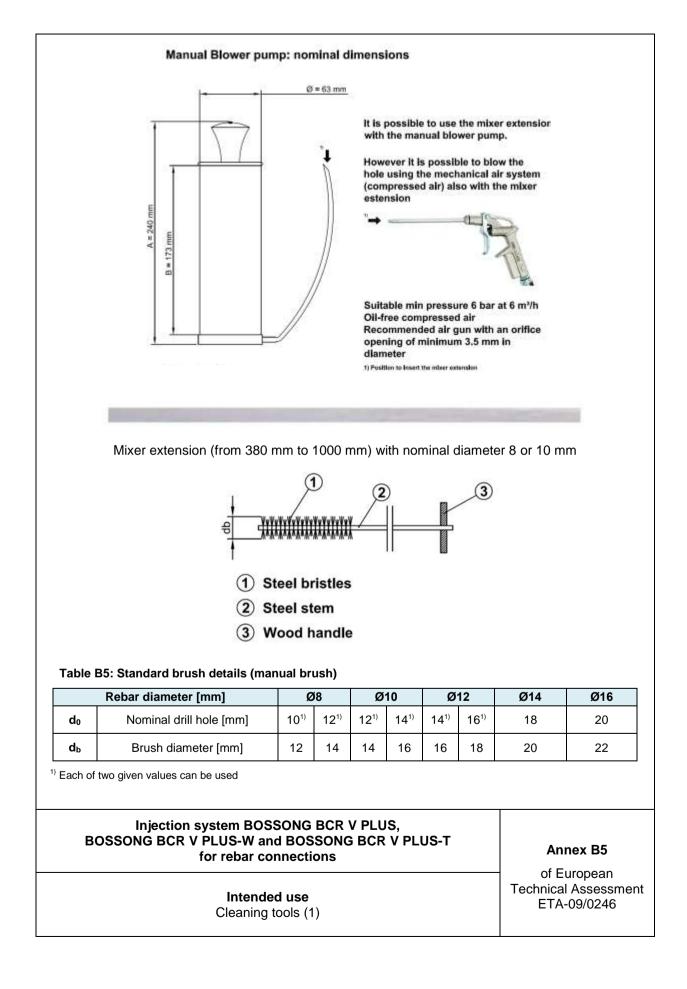
Example of drilling aid

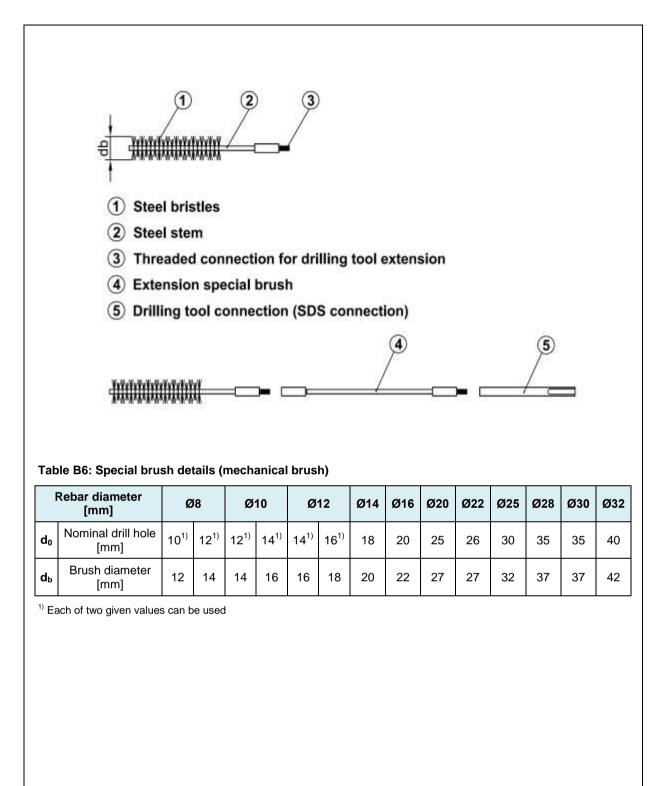
Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections

> Intended use Installation parameters

Annex B3

	BCR V PLUS (standard v	version)			
Concrete temperature [C°]	Processing time [min.]	Minimum curing time ¹⁾ [min.]			
-5	65	780			
0	45	420			
+5	25	90			
+10	16	60			
+15	11,5	45			
+20	7,5	40			
+25	5	35			
+30	3	30			
+35	2	25			
+40	1	20			
BOSSONG BCR	V PLUS-W (version for w	vinter season)			
Concrete temperature [C°]	Processing time [min.]	Minimum curing time ¹⁾ [min.]			
-5	40	210			
0	25	100			
+5	15	70			
+10	10	50			
+15	7	35			
+20	5	30			
BOSSONG BCR	V PLUS-T (version for su	mmer season)			
Concrete temperature [C°]	Processing time [min.]	Minimum curing time ¹⁾ [min.]			
+20	14	60			
+25	11	50			
+30	8	40			
+35	6	30			
+40	4	20			
condition the curing time must be do		perature for installation +30°C. For wet			
Injection system BOS	S-T Annex B4				





Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections

Annex B6

of European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0246

Intended use Cleaning tools (2)

Installation with hollow drill bit (HDB)

This drilling method is a hammer drilling method.

This drilling system removes the dust and cleans the bore hole during the drilling operation when used in accordance with the user's manual.

This drilling system include a vacuum cleaner. A suitable dust extraction system must be used. e.g. Bosch GAS 35 M AFC or a comparable dust extraction system with equivalent performance data.

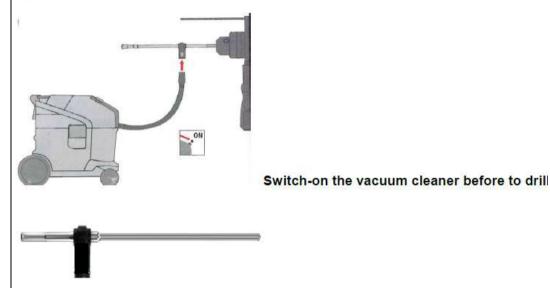


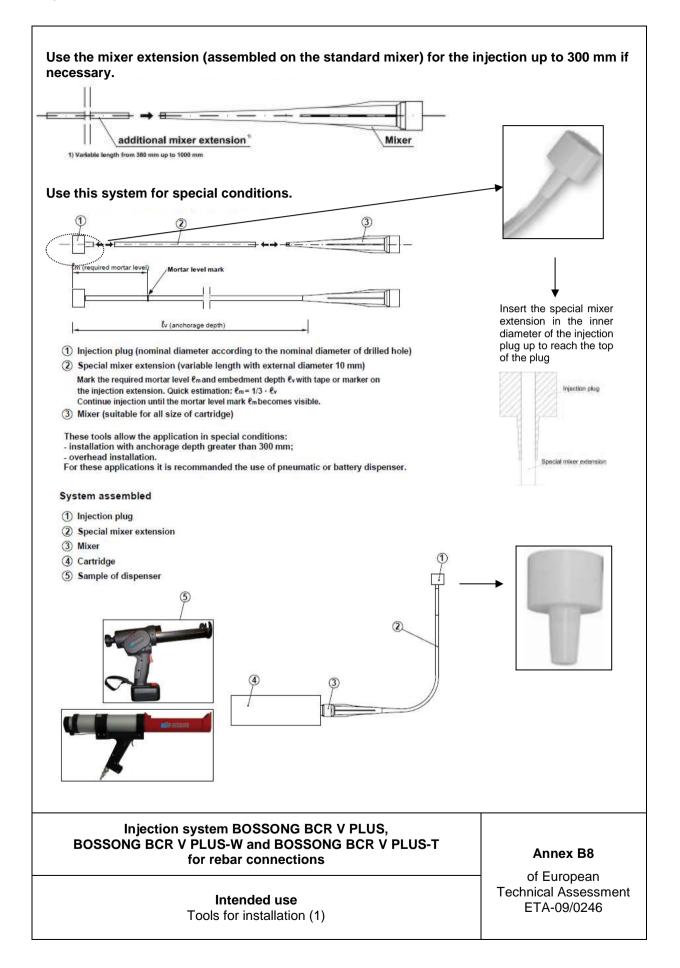
Table B7: HDB installation diameters

	Rebar diameter [mm]	Ø8	Ø10	Ø12	Ø14	Ø16	Ø20	Ø25	Ø28	Ø30
d₀	Nominal drill hole [mm]	10 ¹⁾ 12 ¹⁾	12 ¹⁾ 14 ¹⁾	14 ¹⁾ 16 ¹⁾	18	20	25	30	35	35

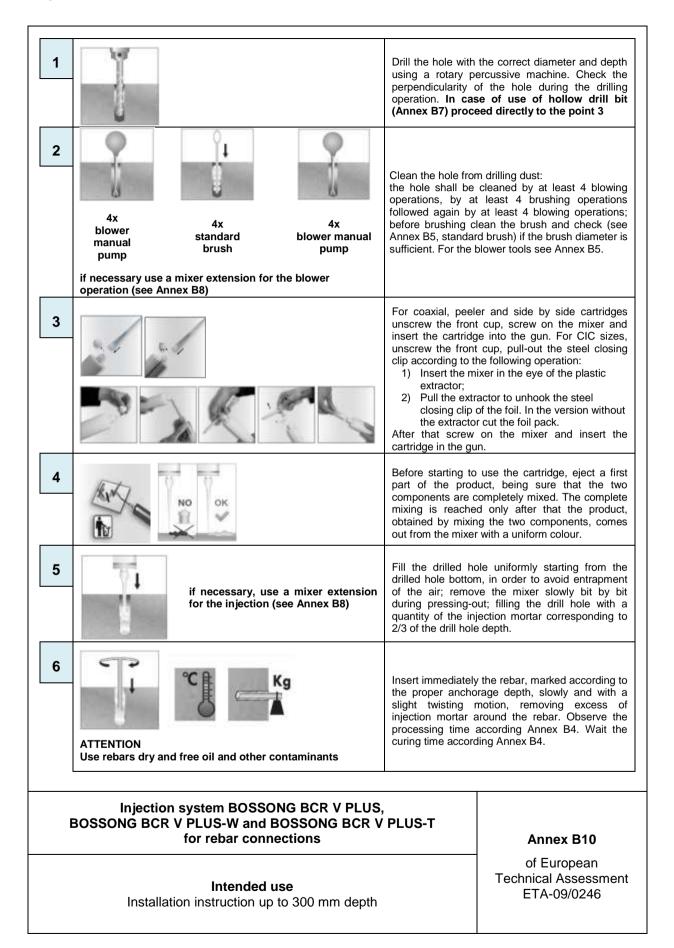
¹⁾ Each of two given values can be used

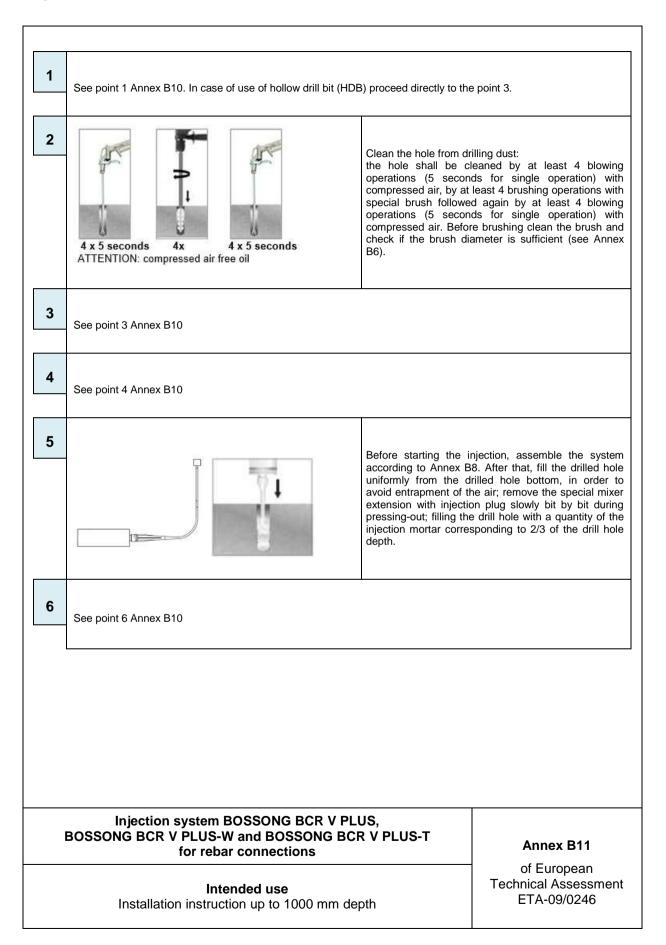
Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections

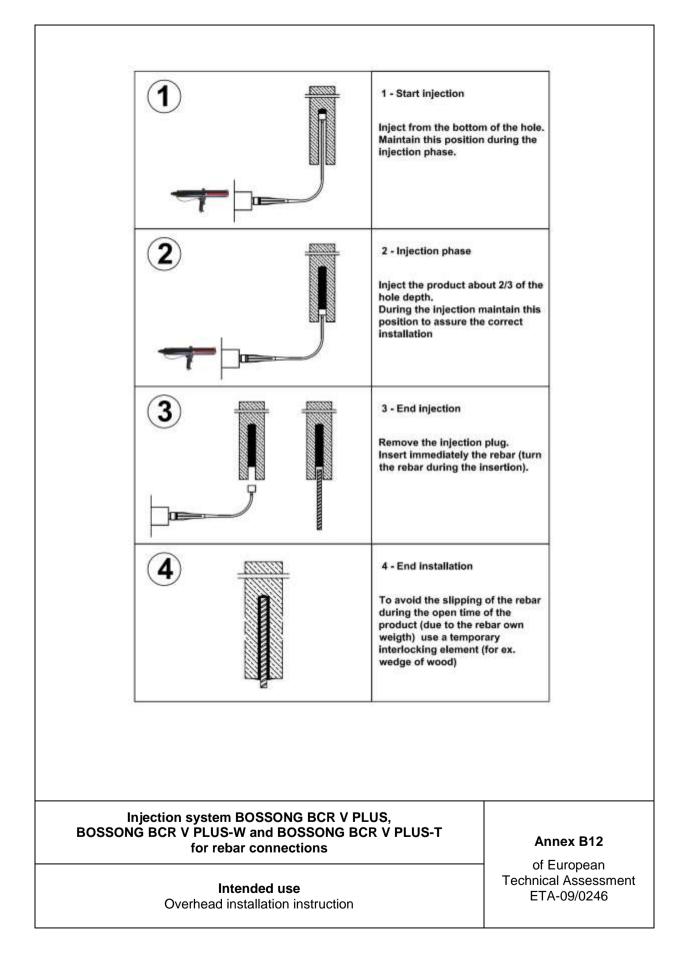
Intended use Hollow drill bit (HDB) specification Annex B7



Pumps (injection dispensers)	Cartridges	Clean hole tools	Depth of the dril hole
Manual	420 ml 400 ml 380 ml	Blower pump or compressed air an standard brush or special brush or HDB	
Manual	345 ml 300 ml 280 ml 165 ml	Blower pump or compressed air an standard brush or special brush or HDB	
Manual	300 ml 280 ml 165 ml	Blower pump or compressed air an standard brush or special brush or HDB	
Pneumatic	825 ml	Compressed air and special brush or HDB	300 mm to 1000 mm*
Pneumatic	420 ml 400 ml 380 ml	Compressed air and special brush or HDB	300 mm to 1000 mm*
	420 ml 400 ml 380 ml 345 ml	Compressed air and special brush or HDB	300 mm to 1000 mm*
Battery ote: use the mixer extension described	in Annex B8 for th	e injection of the mo	rtar
Injection system BOSSON BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and Bo for rebar conne	OSSONG BCR		Annex B9
Intended us Tools for installat			of European Technical Assessn ETA-09/0246







Minimum anchorage length and minimum lap length under static loading

The minimum anchorage length $I_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $I_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 shall be multiplied by the relevant amplification factor α_{lb} given in Table C1.

The design bond strength $f_{bd,PIR}$ is given in Table C3. It is obtained by multiplying the bond strength f_{bd} according to EN1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 with the factor k_b according to Table C2.

Table C1: Amplification factor α_{lb} related to the concrete class and drilling method

Concrete class	Drilling method	Bar size	Amplification factor α_{lb}		
C12/15 to C50/60	Hammer drilling (HD), hollow drill bit (HDB) and compressed air drill (CA)	8 mm to 32 mm	1,0		

Table C2: Bond efficiency factor k_b related to concrete class and drilling method

k _b for perforation with hammer drill	Concrete class										
(HD), hollow drill bit (HDB) and compressed air drill (CA)	C12/15	C16/20	20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60		
Ø8 to Ø14	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00		
Ø16 to Ø20	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,93		
Ø22	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,92	0,93		
Ø24 to Ø25	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,92	0,86		
Ø28	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,91	0,84	0,79		
Ø30 to Ø32	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	0,89	0,80	0,73	0,67	0,63		

Table C3. Design values of the ultimate bond resistance $f_{bd,PIR}^{11}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010for hammer drilling (HD), hollow drill bit (HDB) and compressed air drill (CA)

Rebar diameter [mm]	Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f _{bd,PIR} [N/mm ²]									
	C12/15	C16/20	20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60	
Ø8 to Ø14	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,30	
Ø16 to Ø20	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	4,00	4,00	
Ø22	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	3,70	4,00	
Ø24 to Ø25	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,70	3,70	3,70	
Ø28	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	3,00	3,40	3,40	3,40	3,40	
Ø30 to Ø32	1,60	2,00	2,30	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	2,70	

¹⁾ The values given are valid for good bond condition according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010. For all other bond conditions multiply the value by 0,7.

Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections

Annex C1

of European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0246

Minimum anchor length and minimum lap length under seismic loading

The minimum anchorage length $I_{b,min}$ and the minimum lap length $I_{0,min}$ according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 shall be multiplied by the relevant amplification factor α_{lb} given in Table C1.

The design bond strength $f_{bd,seis}$ is given in Table C5. It is obtained by multiplying the bond strength f_{bd} according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010 with the factor $k_{b,seis}$ according to Table C4.

The minimum concrete cover according to Annex B3 and $c_{min,seis}$ = 2 Ø applies.

Table C4: Bond efficiency factor k_{b,seis} related to concrete class and drilling method

k _{b,seis} for perforation with hammer drill (HD), hollow drill bit (HDB) and compressed air drill (CA)	Concrete class									
	C16/20	C20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60		
Ø12 to Ø25	1,00	1,00	0,85	0,77	0,68	0,62	0,58	0,53		
Ø28 to Ø32	1,00	0,87	0,74	0,67	0,59	0,54	0,50	0,47		

Table C5: Design values of the ultimate bond resistance $f_{bd,seis}^{1)}$ for hammer drilling (HD), hollow drill bit (HDB) and compressed air drill (CA)

Rebar diameter [mm]	Design values of the ultimate bond resistance f _{bd,seis} [N/mm ²]									
	C16/20	20/25	C25/30	C30/37	C35/45	C40/50	C45/55	C50/60		
Ø12 to Ø25	2,00	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30	2,30		
Ø28 to Ø32	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00	2,00		

¹⁾ The values given are valid for good bond condition according to EN 1992-1-1:2004.

For all other bond conditions multiply the value by 0,7.

Injection system BOSSONG BCR V PLUS, BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-W and BOSSONG BCR V PLUS-T for rebar connections

Annex C2

of European Technical Assessment ETA-09/0246

Design value of the ultimate bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$ under fire exposure for concrete classes C12/15 to C50/60, (all drilling methods):

The design value of the bond strength f_{bd,fi} under fire exposure has to be calculated by the following equation:

$$f_{bd, fi}(\theta) = k_{fi}(\theta) \cdot f_{bd, PIR} \cdot \frac{\gamma_c}{\gamma_{M, fi}}$$

If 21°C ≤
$$\theta$$
 ≤ 271°C: $k_{fi}(\theta) = \frac{17,563 \cdot e^{-0.01\theta}}{f_{bd,PIR} \cdot 4,3} \le 1,0$

If $\theta > 271^{\circ}$ C: $kfi(\theta) = 0$

 $f_{bd,fi}(\theta)$ = Design value of the ultimate bond stress in case of fire exposure in N/mm²

- (θ) = Temperature in °C in the mortar layer
- $k_{fi}(\theta)$ = Reduction factor under fire exposure
- $f_{bd,PIR}$ = Design value of the ultimate bond stress in N/mm², according to Table C3 considering the concrete class, the rebar diameter, the drilling method and the bond conditions according to EN 1992-1-1
- γ_c = Partial safety factor according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010
- $\gamma_{M,fi}$ = Partial safety factor according to EN 1992-1-2:2004+AC:2008

For evidence under fire exposure the anchorage length shall be calculated according to EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Equation 8.3 using the temperature-dependent ultimate bond stress $f_{bd,fi}$.

Figure C1: Example graph of reduction factor $k_{fi}(\theta)$ for concrete classes C20/25 for good bond conditions:

